

Brought to you by























Active Design



CREATING ACTIVE ENVIRONMENTS THROUGH PLANNING AND DESIGN

Active Environments – Sharing the Learning

Mark Furnish – Planning Manager, Sport England

16th October 2025

Uniting the Movement Strategy (2021)



- Active Environments is one of five big issues that underpin Sport England's 10-year strategy.
- The places and spaces around us can have a positive or negative impact on how, when and where we move.
- We want to encourage the design of environments that support and encourage physical activity in our everyday lives.





FIVE **BIG** ISSUES



RECOVER AND REINVENT

Recovering from the biggest crisis in a generation and reinventing as a vibrant, relevant and sustainable network of organisations providing sport and physical activity opportunities that meet the needs of different people.



CONNECTING COMMUNITIES

Focusing on sport and physical activity's ability to make better places to live and bring people together.



POSITIVE EXPERIENCES FOR CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE

Unrelenting focus on positive experiences for all children and young people as the foundations for a long and healthy life.



CONNECTING WITH HEALTH AND WELLBEING

Strengthening the connections between sport, physical activity, health and wellbeing, so more people can feel the benefits of, and advocate for, an active life.



ACTIVE ENVIRONMENTS

Creating and protecting the places and spaces that make it easier for people to be active.



Physical activity levels

Inactive Fairly active Active

Less than 30 minutes a week

30-149 minutes a week

150+ minutes a week

25.7% > 10.9% > 63.4%

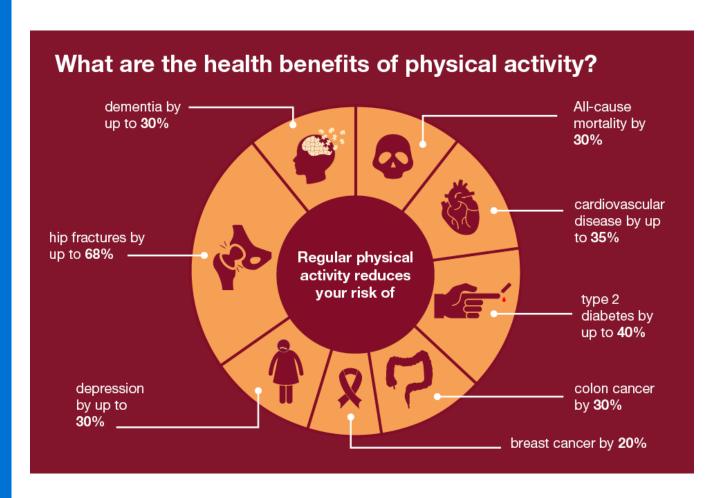
Of people (11.9m) did less than 30 minutes a week

Of people (5.1m) were fairly active but didn't reach 150 minutes a week

Of people (29.5m) did 150 minutes or more a week



Impact of physical activity on our health



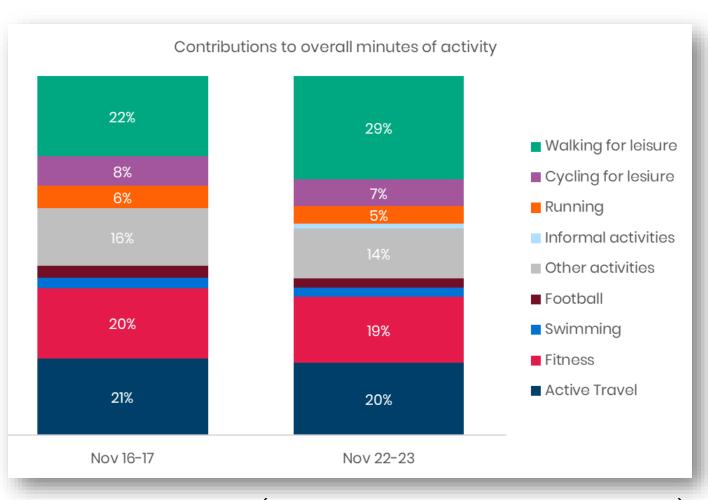
- Physical inactivity is a leading cause of many non-communicable diseases such as heart disease, diabetes, cancer and lung illnesses.
- Inactivity is associated with 1 in 6 deaths in the UK and is estimated to cost £7.4 billion annually. (OHID, 2022)
- Chris Whitty: "If you look back over the last 150 years, more has been done for public health by proper planning than almost any other intervention except perhaps vaccination." (TCPA Conference November 2022)

(OHID, 2022)



The importance of Active Design and physical activity

- Walking, cycling, running and fitness make up 80% of all minutes of activity taken per week.
- Opportunity to improve health and wellbeing by increasing physical activity through everyday habits.
- Wider benefits of active design:
 - Creates environmentally friendly and sustainable places
 - Increases social inclusivity
 - Increases economic productivity



(Sport England's Active Lives Survey)



What is Active Design and why have it?

- Our local environment can play an important part in encouraging us to be active.
- Active Design sets out how the design of environments can help people to lead more physically active lives.
- It focuses on the creation of spaces and places that support and encourage people to move more helping those involved in designing spaces to create active environments.

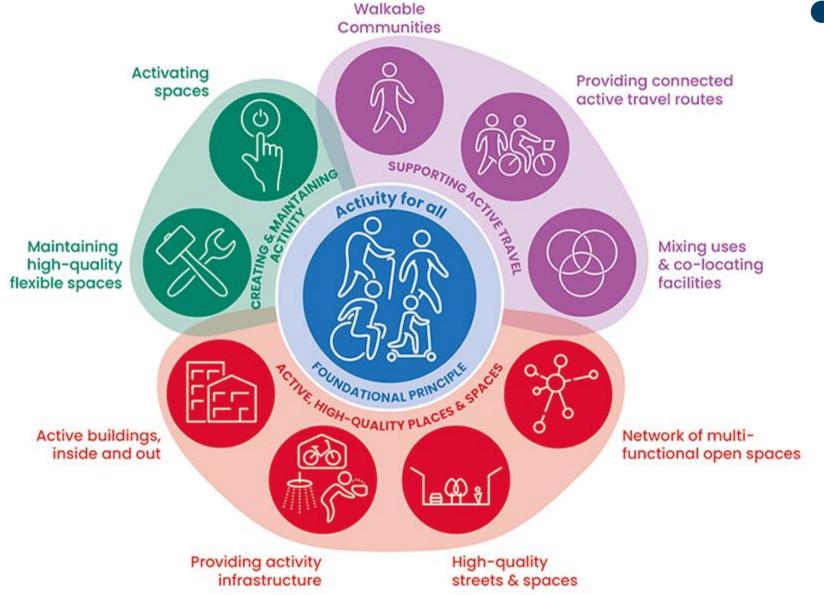




What is Active Design?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ruWWSYqGAow

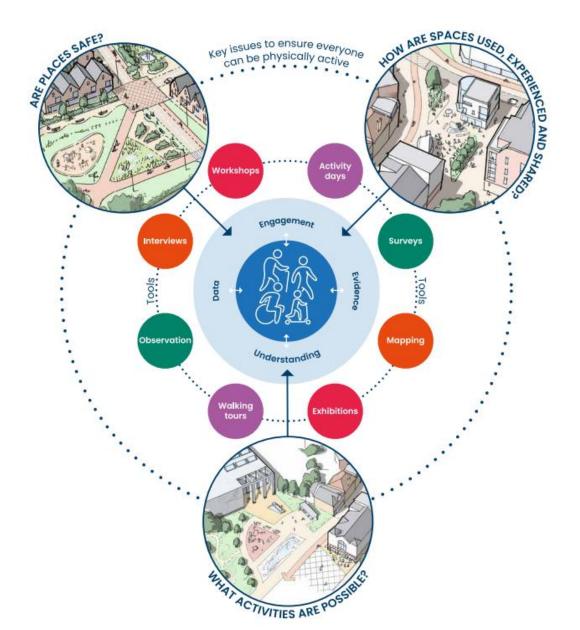






- Supporting physical activity for all.
- Must consider issues that affect physical activity participation.
- We must therefore understand the needs of <u>all</u> individuals.
- We can do this through an effective consultation process.





Theme 1: Supporting Active Travel

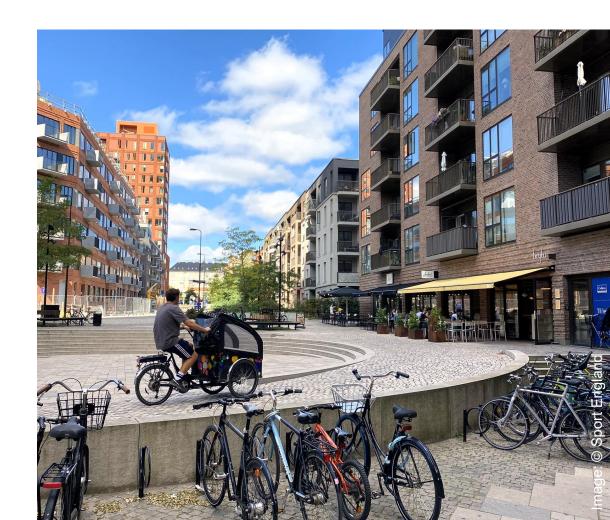








- ✓ Compact, walkable, linked communities that are centred around people being active.
- ✓ All environments should support physical activity for everyone.
- ✓ People are more likely to combine trips and use active travel where they have multiple reasons to visits.



Theme 2: High-Quality Active Places









- ✓ Ensuring a space is safe and feels safe is an essential part of securing design quality
- ✓ Active routes which are attractive will be used by more people
- ✓ Streets and places are not simply movement corridors





Theme 3: Creating & Maintaining Activity







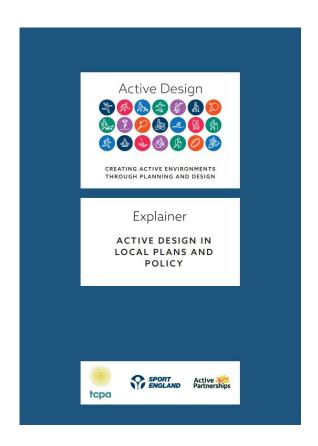
- ✓ Spaces and facilities should be effectively maintained and managed
- ✓ Multi-functional spaces allow for physical activity to be delivered alongside other priorities
- ✓ High-quality, flexible spaces are those that can be adapted easily





What's New

TCPA Explainer



Tendring Colchester Borders Garden Community Development Plan Document

(adopted Jun 2025)

GC Policy 3: Place Shaping Principles

Part I: : Creation of a Unique and Distinctive Place

The Garden Community will be a unique place with a distinctive character that takes a positive and innovative approach to architecture, urban design, landmarks, and public realm provision. It will adopt a landscape led approach to design and build, follow healthy new towns principles, in accordance with Sport England Active Design principles, and achieving Active Design, and secured by design certification.

GC Policy 6: Community and Social Infrastructure

Part E: Health

The Garden Community will create an active environment that promotes health and wellbeing and builds a strong community. The conditions for a healthy community will be provided through the pattern of development, good urban and public realm design, access to local services and facilities, opportunities for local employment, high quality open space and landscape design and safe places for active play, biodiversity and food growing, and which are all accessible by walking, cycling and public transport. Proposals **must** take account of the healthy new towns principles, the developing integrated neighbourhood model of working, as well as Sport England's Active Design principles.

GC Policy 7: Movement and Connections

All proposals must have regard to Active Design principles and the Building for a Healthy Life process when designing the public realm and streets and undergo a Building for a Healthy Life/Streets for a Healthy Life review.

LATTON PRIORY STRATEGIC MASTERPLAN FRAMEWORK

(adopted Jun 2023)

Mandatory Spatial Principles

Active Design Principles - To create a truly sustainable, healthy and socially integrated community, Active Design Principles promoting physical activity and well-being will be embedded at the heart of the new neighbourhood at Latton Priory. The

Essex Design Guide 2018 places a strong emphasis on the importance of establishing Active Design Principles early on in the masterplanning process. These principles echo urban design best practice and these active principles have been a key component in establishing the design principles for Latton Priory The objective of these principles is to create an environment through design which encourages activity in daily life. This includes providing an environment which promotes and encourages sport and children's play and other active leisure activities such as food production. It also encourages active living by promoting sustainable, active, modes of transport. Creating high quality, safe streets and spaces is a key component of design to encourage active living

CENTRAL BEDFORDSHIRE DESIGN GUIDE SPD

(adopted Aug 2023)

10.3 Health and Wellbeing

10.3.1 ... Health and wellbeing play a large part in the success of development no matter the size, location, or use. Integrating health and wellbeing principles can be through the physical design as well as provision and management of sites.

10.3.3 The Council encourages active travel as this increases regular activity. Access to safe and attractive routes for walking, wheeling and cycling is important in giving people the opportunity to be active regularly, which is necessary for good physical and mental health. By applying Active Design principles to built and natural environments, active environments can be created that encourage people to be active through their everyday lives.

Active Design

What's New

Design Code Guidance

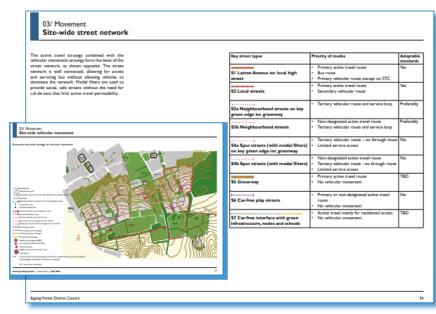






10 ACTIVE DESIGN: DESIGN CODE GUIDANCE

BEST PRACTICE DESIGN CODE EXAMPLE:



This example demonstrates how a code can be used to help encourage physical activity by setting clear and strict requirements for active travel. The map and accompanying key give a detailed visual overview of the site in relation to these requirements.

Ref: Latton Priory Design Code

What makes this a good example?

- Clear street hierarchy which prioritises non vehicular movement. Each street type has a defined role for active travel.
- Innovative exemplar requirements including car free play streets, car barns, restricted vehicular movement.
- Nodal points are coded for at key points throughout the movement network to assist with wayfinding and legibility and set the parameters for the architectural response to this.















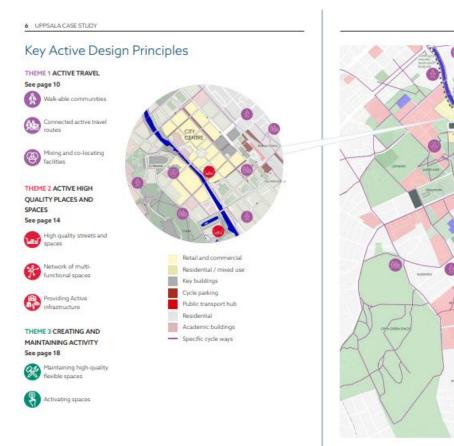


Active Design

What's New

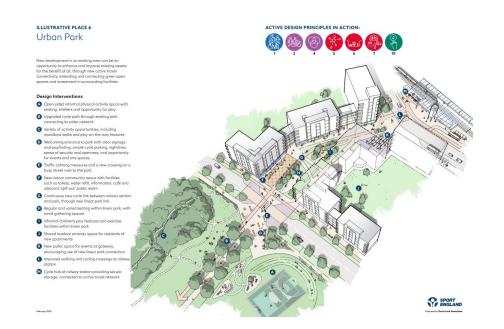
Case Studies - Uppsalla, Sweden: Active Design at a city-wide scale



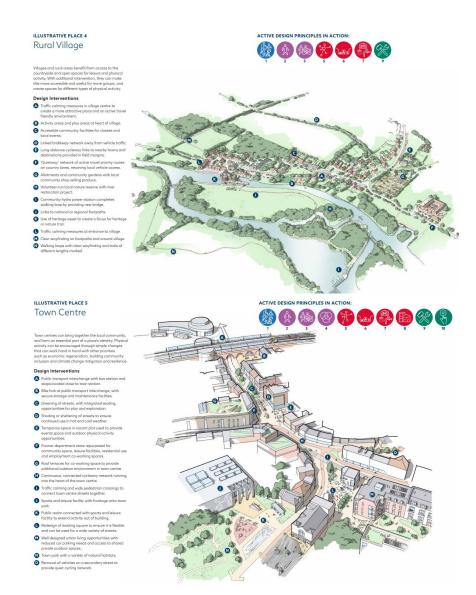


What's New

Illustrative Places









Contacts

PlanningforSport@sportengland.org

Mark.Furnish@sportengland.org



Brought to you by























Welcome to Waverley, Rotherham

Active Environments, October 2025

Laura Colson – Harworth Group

Simon Hall – PWP Design



1. Introduction & Welcome to Waverley

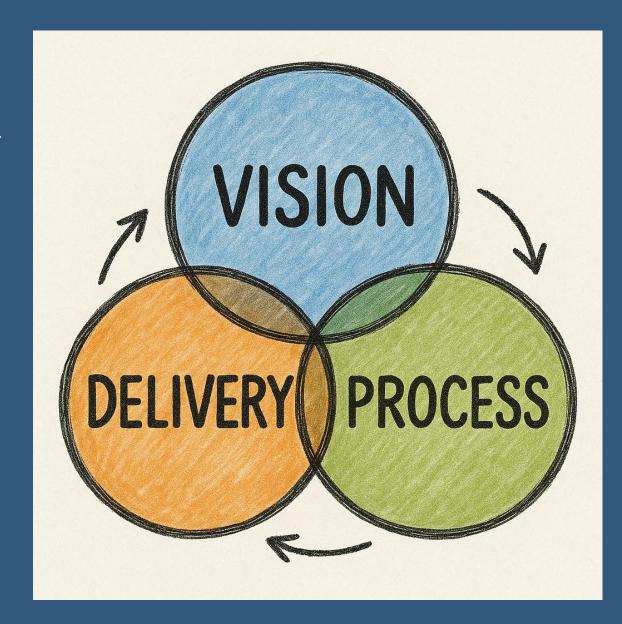
CREATING A WELCOMING, ACTIVE NEW PLACE

Working closely with a range of partner organisations, local residents and businesses, Harworth Group has created a brandnew place called Waverley.

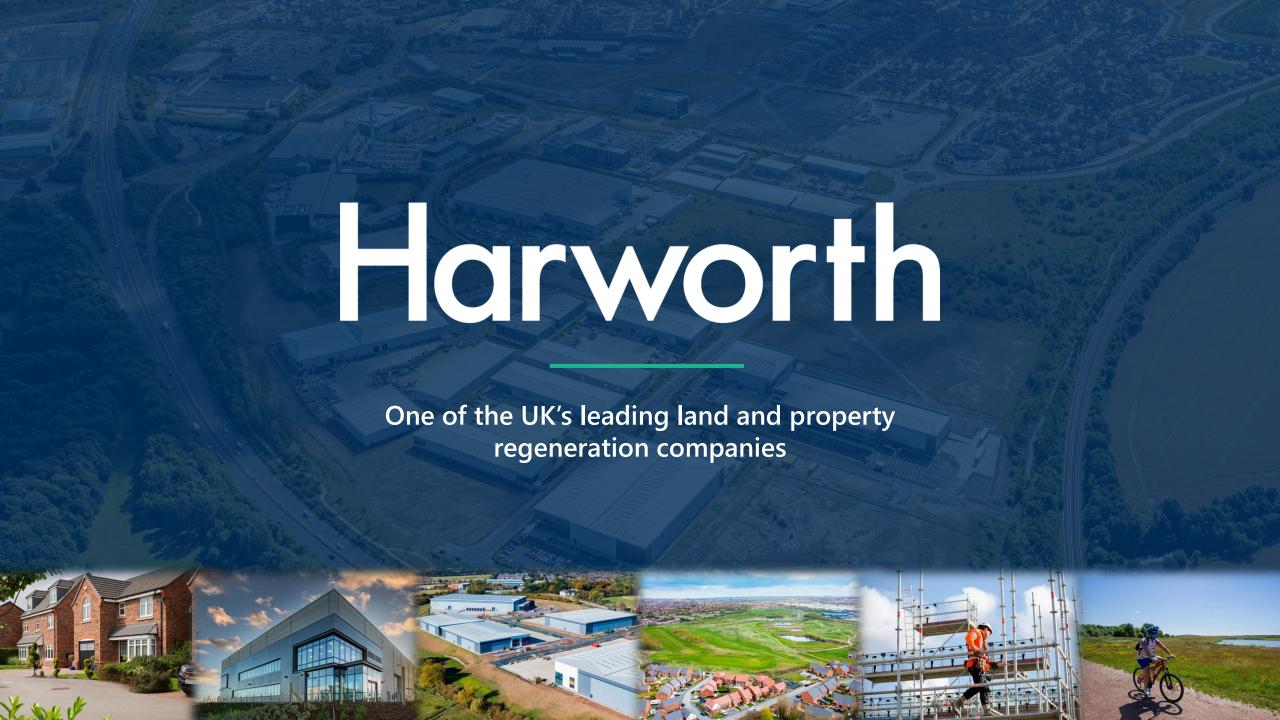
A wide variety of quality new homes, the UK's leading Advanced Manufacturing Park and a mix of community uses including a new school, neighbourhood centre 'Olive Lane' and 300 acres of lakes and green spaces, it is an exemplar new development scheme and the best of brownfield regeneration.

A DEVELOPER'S AND A DESIGNER'S PERSPECTIVE

A strong client vision, a process of collaboration, challenge and trust through to delivery.







Introducing Harworth

Harworth

Who we are

Harworth is one of the UK's leading land and property regeneration businesses, owning and managing over 14,000 acres across around 100 sites in the North of England and the Midlands.

Based in Rotherham, South Yorkshire, we also have regional offices in Birmingham, Leeds and Manchester.

Our purpose

Our purpose is to invest to transform land and property into sustainable places where people want to live and work.

We support new homes, jobs and communities across the regions, and deliver long-term value for all our stakeholders.

What we create

As a master developer, we create long-term value by acquiring and assembling sites that are large, complex and often had former industrial uses, and transforming them into sustainable residential and employment spaces, with a focus on placemaking.

Our values

Our sustainability framework, The Harworth Way, guides our approach to development and placemaking, ensuring we deliver for the planet, our people and our communities.

Our 'One Harworth' culture is underpinned by three values: taking pride in our people & partnerships, delivering creative solutions, and acting with integrity and trust.



26,639 homes in pipeline



38.8m sq. ft of employment space in pipeline



£4.8bn
of potential
Gross Value Added



42 Local authority areas covered

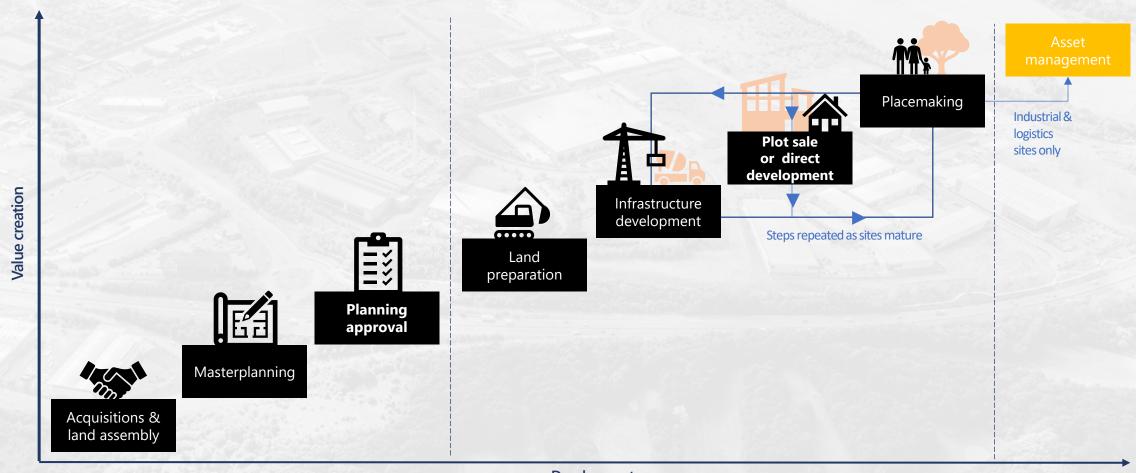


Net Zero by 2030 for operations by 2040 for all emissions

Our business model



As a master developer, we create long-term value by acquiring and assembling sites that are large, complex and often had former industrial uses, and transforming them into sustainable residential and employment spaces, with a focus on placemaking.



Rotherham, South Yorkshire:

Waverley/AMP



Harworth's flagship development has seen the transformation of the former Orgreave coal mining site into Yorkshire's largest ever mixed-use development.















Rotherham, South Yorkshire:

Waverley/AMP



- A 740-acre stie located just two minutes from Junction 33 of the M1 and at the heart of the South Yorkshire Mayoral Combined Authority region.
- Following closure of the mining site in 1990, permission to remediate and restore the land was granted in 1995.
- Full remediation was completed in 2011, the same year that Harworth received outline planning permission for 3,890 homes at the site, to be built alongside its Advanced Manufacturing Park development.
- Harworth has sold land for almost 1,900 homes so far to a range of housebuilders, including Taylor Wimpey, Barratt, Harron Homes and Avant.
- The Advanced Manufacturing Park is a centre of excellence for high-end manufacturing, with occupiers including the Advanced Manufacturing Research Centre (a partnership between Boeing and the University of Sheffield), Rolls Royce, McLaren Automotive and the UK Atomic Energy Authority.
- The build-out of the site continues, including the delivery of 300 acres of green space set around two large lakes, a new hotel, and Olive Lane, a new mixed-use heart of the community.



Harworth, Bassetlaw:

Simpson Park

Simpson Park is on the former Harworth colliery site where mining operations had been active for over 80 years. The colliery was mothballed in 2006 before it was abandoned several years later and eventually demolished in 2016.















Harworth, Bassetlaw:

Simpson Park

- Outline planning consent was granted in 2011 for 996 houses and 40 acres of employment land.
- Coking works remediation began in August 2017.
- Phase 1 remediation, earthworks and infrastructure commenced in September 2018.
- Phase 2 remediation and earthworks commenced in December 2021.
- New outline consent secured in 2021 for 1,300 dwellings with no employment.
- Phase 3 remediation works commenced in October 2024.
- 2 deep mine shafts were filled and permanent caps installed in December 2024.
- Land for approximately 1,160 plots sold at year end 2024. 450 homes occupied.
- Phase 3 spine road opening in February 2025.
- Site wide open space delivery in Q3 2025.
- Only two parcels remain for development.





Edwinstowe, Nottinghamshire

Thoresby Vale

The former Thoresby Colliery which closed in July 2015 is being regenerated and transformed into a new sustainable community.













Edwinstowe, Nottinghamshire:

Thoresby Vale

- Acquired in October 2015 following closure of the colliery in July 2015.
- Initial years spent undertaking site safety and security works, including demolition of redundant industrial structures, whilst master-planning the site for future uses and preparing first serviced land parcels.
- Planning permission received in October 2017 for a new development of 800 homes, 250,000 sq. ft of employment space, community facilities, retirement village and a new primary school.
- Housebuilders on site Honey, Harron and Barratt David Wilson.
- 350-acre country park on-site opened summer 2024.
- 5G Innovation Hub set up with partners Nottinghamshire County Council and two local universities.
- Currently on-site delivering a new forest primary school.









- Orgreave Coking Works (1980's?).
- Photo is looking north west across the middle of the current Waverley development.
- Road shown is the approximate existing alignment of Highfield Lane.



- Extent of opencast in 2002.
- People on the right are stood on the High Wall.
- Mining trucks are 100T dump trucks for scale (circa 10m long & 5m high).



- Aerial photos from around 2008 showing development platform following backfill of the opencast and creation of the lakes.
- First development of the AMP underway.









2. A Developer's Perspective









- Current WIP Connectivity & Active Travel Strategy showing new footpath / bridleway proposals.
- Working with Mosodi on Active Travel across the development with walking buses for the school etc.



2. A Designer's Perspective

















ACTIVE POCKET PAPK. PUBLIC PASSIVE PAPE.

























DESIGN CODE

3.2 CHARACTER AREAS

Four distinct character areas are to be created within the park, with the aim of providing a changing visual and physical experience as users move through the space.

Large swathes of native tree planting make use of the challenging steep topography.

ACTIVITY HUB

Central hub with a focus on play, fitness, activity and events.

THE LAWNS

Flexible open areas of grassland provide opportunity for relaxation and recreation.

Ecology focussed wetland landscape, providing opportunities for interaction, SuDS and education.

Section 4.0 explains the requirements for each character area in more detail.



Opportunity to create a graded landscape character



INDICATIVE CHARACTER AREAS

DESIGN CODE

4.3 CHARACTER AREA - THE LAWNS

THE LAWNS

The Lawns are characterised by long stretches of open mown amenity grassland that provide flexible usage for a range of activities such as picnicking, ball games and dog

A continuous north-south ribbon on lawns should be provided to link between the welland and the activity hub. There is an opportunity to provide grass areas which are large enough for activities such as 5-aside football.

The waterway winds along the eastern edge of The Lawns. Final levels design to be lead by the project engineer and must meet Environment Agency requirements. Existing scrub land planting should be retained and enhanced along the edges of the waterway - details to be developed with an ecologist to provide maximum potential for new habitats.

An accessible and inclusive MUGA must be provided as part of Section 106, Landforms around the MUGA could include a terraced grass amphitheatre to maximise southerly views and create a dramatic use of levels.

Informal play opportunities are to be scattered through The Lawrs, with the potential of some within the watercourse (such as boulder stepping stones). Subject to detailed Risk Assessments and community engagement.

Tree planting could be used to frame gateways and edges of the park.



Location Plan

DESIGN CODE











NOTE - Some tree planting is shown at mature size, not planted size

















Welcome to Waverley, Rotherham

Thanks and please come & visit Waverley!

Laura Colson – Harworth Group www.harworthgroup.com

Simon Hall – PWP Design www.pwpdesign.co.uk



Brought to you by























Sharing the Learning: Active Environments

Transforming Cities Fund

Saira Ali FLI FRSA

Team Leader - Landscape, Design and Conservation

President Elect, Landscape Institute















































































































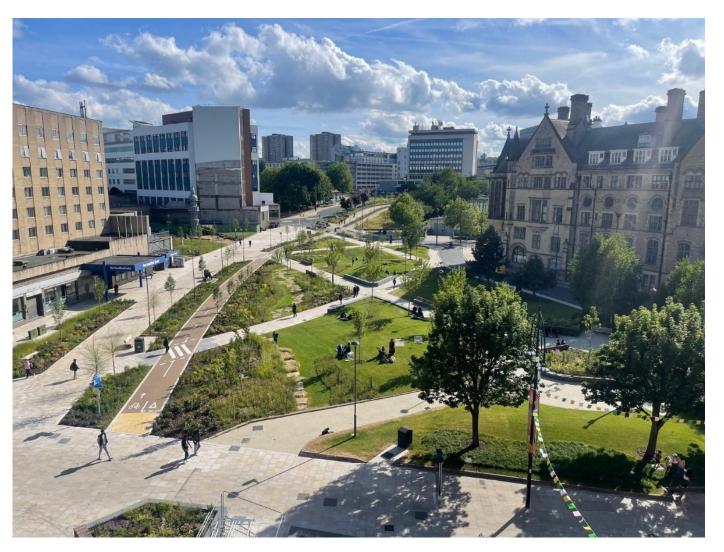






























































Thank you

Dr. Saira Ali FLI

Team Leader - Landscape, Design and Conservation











Q&A Session

Mark Furnish, Saira Ali, Simon Hall & Tom Hall























Comfort Break























Physical activity and health- *Active Environments*

"Where we live, work, travel and play has a major role in shaping our activity choices"

Sport England

16th October 2025

Tim Howells – Head of Public Health

Tim.Howells@bradford.gov.uk



What does the evidence say?

Built Environment & Physical Activity: Features like public transport stations, schools, sports facilities, and food markets encourage active lifestyles and improve health outcomes. These are cost-effective interventions for promoting public health.

Social Inequality & Health: Built environments can influence health disparities among social groups (e.g., children, women, elderly), necessitating inclusive planning and the importance of co-production.

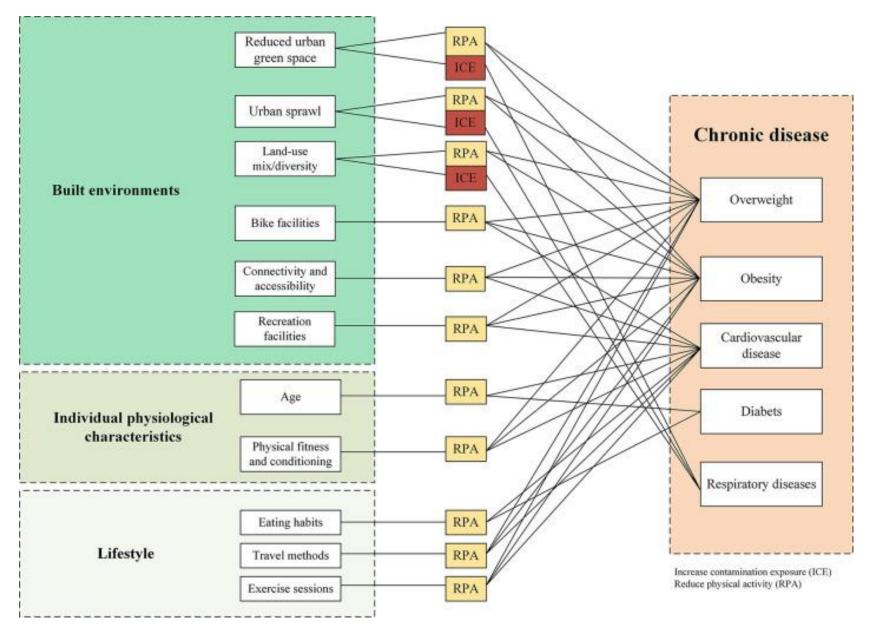
Pollution & Green Spaces: Reducing emissions from transport and industry, promoting clean energy vehicles, and expanding green spaces are vital for mitigating pollution and enhancing physical activity. High levels of air pollution generally discourage physical activity and specifically 'those with respiratory disease, self-report a reduction in outdoor activities to mitigate the detrimental impact of air pollution'.

Vulnerable Groups: Urban planning must consider the needs of vulnerable populations to ensure equitable health benefits. And e.g. Foster social cohesion and mental wellbeing via community-oriented spaces.



- https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC9326484
- https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0013935119303421
- https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28829249/

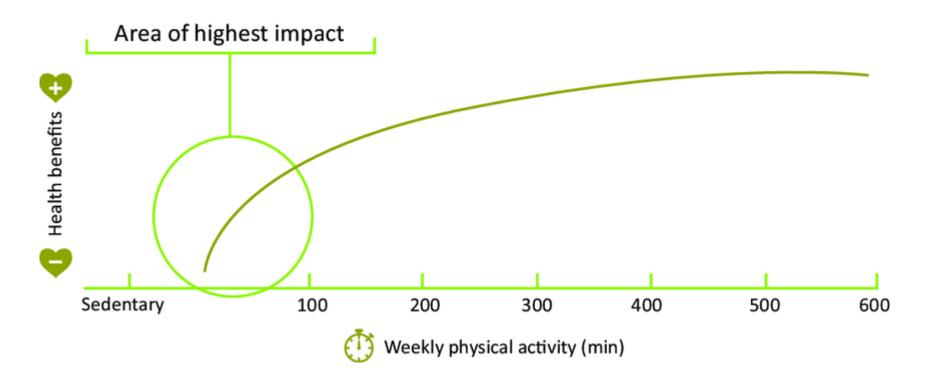








Physical activity or sedentary behaviour?

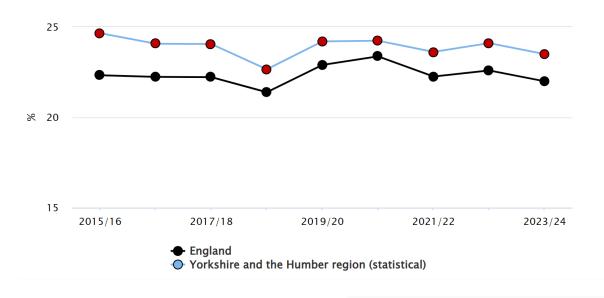


- 11.6% of deaths in the UK from sedentary behaviour
- 69,276 people
- ~£1b cost to the NHS





10 year 'inactivity' trend



R	ecent	trend:	Could	not be	calculated
	COCIII	u ena.	Could	HOL DE	Calculated

Period		Count	Value	95% Lower CI	95% Upper Cl	England
2015/16	•	-	24.7%	24.0%	25.4%	22.3%
2016/17	•	-	24.1%	23.4%	24.8%	22.2%
2017/18	•	-	24.1%	23.4%	24.8%	22.2%
2018/19	•	-	22.7%	22.0%	23.3%	21.4%
2019/20	•	-	24.2%	23.6%	24.9%	22.9%
2020/21	•	-	24.2%	23.6%	24.9%	23.4%
2021/22	•	-	23.6%	23.0%	24.3%	22.3%
2022/23	•	-	24.1%	23.4%	24.8%	22.6%
2023/24	•	-	23.5%	22.8%	24.2%	22.0%

Access
Transport Enjoyment Where
Confidence Inequality
What Fear Energy Time
Cost Motivation
Safety Judgement Facilities
Opportunities





Role of built environment and active design on Non-Exercise Activity Thermogenesis (NEAT)

'unconscious' activity or movement that is a byproduct of another task.

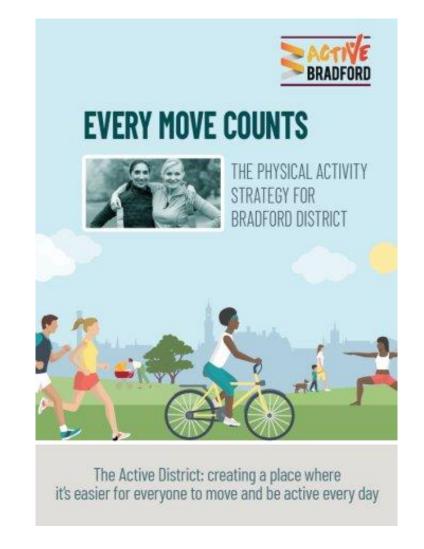




'Every Move Counts' – The Bradford Whole Systems Approach to Physical Activity

The nine key strategic themes:

- 1. Active Travel
- 2. Built environment
- 3. Greenspace
- 4. Communities
- 5. Active Children
- 6. Health & Social Care
- 7. Sport & Active Recreation
- 8. Workplaces
- 9. Communication & Campaigns







Health, planning and design – Not a single topic issue

- It's not just physical activity and sedentary behaviour
- Using active design creates healthier communities wider environment, improved air quality, social connection, mental wellbeing. Opportunity to tackle food deserts and swamps.
- Specifically on anxiety and depression (2024 -10yr longitudinal study*);
- 1. The highest level of greenness of home surroundings was associated with 20% less anxiety and depression than the middle level; the middle level with 20% less than the lowest level
- 2. Every 10% increase in access to green and blue spaces was linked with a 7% reduction in risk of anxiety and depression
- 3. People in poorer areas benefitted more (10% reduced risk of anxiety and depression) from access to green and blue spaces than those in richer areas (6% reduced risk).
- 4. Every additional 360 metres from the nearest green or blue space was linked with a 5% higher risk of anxiety and depression



Further reading

- Systematic review on active workplace design https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC7764065/
- Active design in affordable housing https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/29868352/
- Built environment and PA
- https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC9326484
- Air quality and physical activity;

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0013935119303421 https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28829249/

Mental wellbeing and green space
 https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S2542519623002127







Brought to you by





























Tracy
Brabin
Mayor of
West Yorkshire











Active Travel + North Halifax Strategy

'Active Travel England funding is helping us deliver the North Halifax Strategy by creating safer, healthier connections for communities, while the Strategy ensures these investments tackle inequalities and are sustained for the long term.'

- Building Connections
- Reducing Inequalities
- Securing Lasting Change





Traffic speeds, volumes and dangerous parking behaviours a barrier to travelling actively to school

Deprived area in Calderdale- 44.8% of children eligible for Free School Meals



School Route Audit Report

Ash Green Community Primary School, Calderdale 25 May 2022



We are Living Streets, the charity for everyday walking.

environment and inspire people to walk more











School Route Audit Report and meetings with residents fed into the design options and informed the design

LIVING

STREETS







HAVE YOUR SAY ON PROPOSALS FOR SAFER SCHOOL STREETS IN MIXENDEN





De for







The project is being delivered by Calderdale Council with funding from West Yorkshire Combined Authority.

View the latest designs and tell us what you think:

www.calderdalenextchapter.co.uk/projects/ash-green

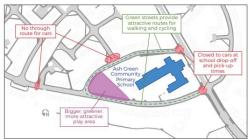
Join us at Ash Green Community Primary School (Lower Site) on Thursday 19 May 2022, 2-6 pm to find out more.

The consultation runs between:

Friday 6 May and Sunday 5 June 2022

Your responses are really important in helping to shape the designs. Please take this opportunity to let us know what you think.

If you do not have access to the website, get in touch with our contact centre on 01422 288 002 and ask for a printed copy of the Ash Green consultation pack.















Meet our team and

discuss proposals for

Well attended consultation events and co design sessions with residents, pupils, councillors and stakeholders. Designs underwent changes as a result of these sessions.





One way system, narrower carriageway and formalised parking;

Pavement improvements including widening and pencil bollards;

7 new raised table crossings to reduce speeds and aid crossing;

2 modal filter road closures to prevent through traffic;

Rain Gardens for sustainable drainage;

Tree planting and green space improvements.



Working with
Marshalls as a
pilot for their
new rain
garden kerb
stone



Calderdale's first highways retrofit rain gardens



Two volunteer planting days held





Working with
Yorkshire
Water to model
the impact of
the nearby
CSO





Working with the school to gain education in SUDs via 'Slow the Flow' workshops













96% of consultation responses expressed a need for new play facilities at SunnyBank playground

"Investment and improvement will mean a sense of worth is greatly improved. When we get looked after like we deserve to be looked after, we look after ourselves!"

"More green space pleasethis playground is all tarmacand has nowhere to sit"





New playground funded by:

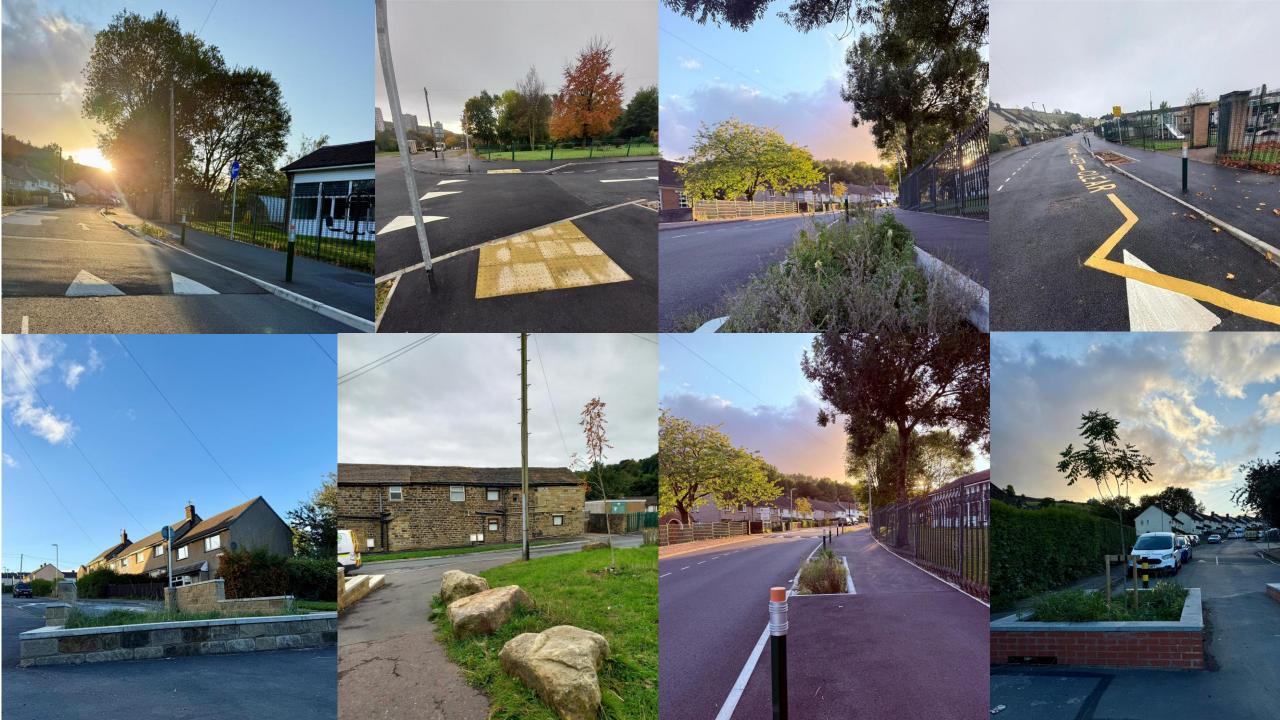
- UKSPF (UK Shared Prosperity Fund)
- Calderdale
 Council
 - ActiveCalderdale







Tracy
Brabin
Mayor of
West Yorkshire









'The Ash Green playground and safer street project has transformed that part of Mixenden and made the area surrounding our Lower Site a massively safer space. From the outset, the work we did together with children, staff, Calderdale officers and contractors set out to be child centred and consultative. Open evenings allowed children, families and residents feel part of driving the design. To then have the children involved in planting up the rain gardens they had designed whilst contractors narrowed roads and built an amazing new playground, was wonderful to see. The wider pavements and one-way system were immediately embraced by the whole community and has led to quieter roads, safer places to cross and more children coming on foot or on two wheels!'

Mungo Sheppard, Head at Ash Green School









'The opening of the playground in September 2024 was one of the best attended community events of my time here with literally hundreds of children bursting on to the new and improved equipment! Since then, the playground has continued to be a hub for the community every afternoon, all weekend and in the day for families with infants. Our children have taken pride in keeping the area tidy and being taken there at lunchtimes and as a reward. It's a lovely and safe place to play.'











Mungo Sheppard, Head at Ash Green School







MIXENDEN ACTIVITY CENTRE



MOOR END

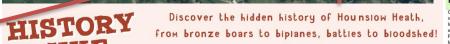
When we MOVE we're stronger





MORE SPORT & LEISURE OPPPORTUNITIES







PARKS & GREEN SPACES



for the Wild Walk

Kestrel's Cafe
Are your eyes as sharp as a bird of prey?

BEETLE MOUSE SHREW SNAIL

Weicome to Hounslow Heath - hectares of historic heathland in the O of Hounslow. Get active outdoors and connect with the

nature on your doorstep!



Hiding Hedgehog

One person pretends to be a spiky hedgehor and curls up in a ball. Without peeping she slowly counts to 20. The rest of the group pretend to be slugs (the hedgehog's favourite food) and slither off to hide. The hedgehog wi then uncurl and find his food.

Help the heathlands! This habita is even rarer than rainforest and supports so much wildlife - bees,



MIXENDEN PARK CONCEPT PLAN

nature and have the have opportunity to be more active in a safe environment.

Initially this will be achieved by improving the path network to create a circular route around the entire site connecting the

existing formal areas with the Hebble Brook bank area and improving the entrances with a new one proposed at the Addy. for users of all ages and abilities (see items 01 to 06 below for examples of what can be included). Additions that will transform the Park into a vibrant, inclusive and engaging space for the local community and visitors while providing opportunities to explore

MASTERPLAN



HISTORY





















Thank you!





Project Funded by:





Tracy Brabin Mayor of West Yorkshire











Lunch & Networking





























Population 308k

226sq miles

41st most deprived (out of 317)

Low Healthy life expectancy

The Challenge

Inactive adults **30.3%** (England 25.1%)

Inactive Children 29.1% (England 29.6%)





7 Core GDM Team members

Healthy, vibrant communities through movement, physical activity and sport.

Active Education

Community Led Programmes

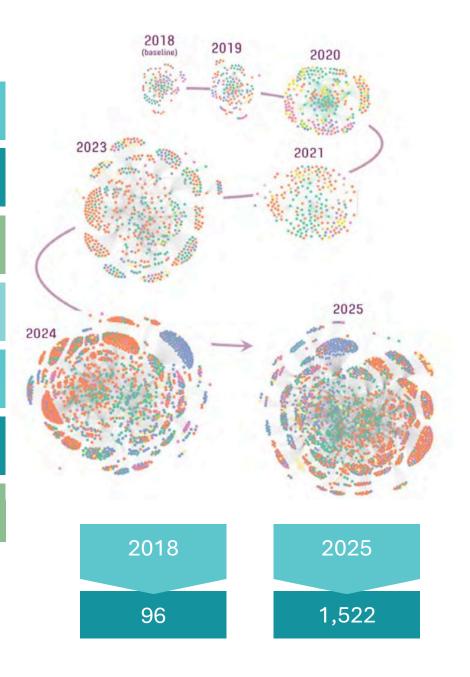
Active Environments, Parks and Facilities

Walking, Wheeling and Cycling

Sport, Dance & Culture

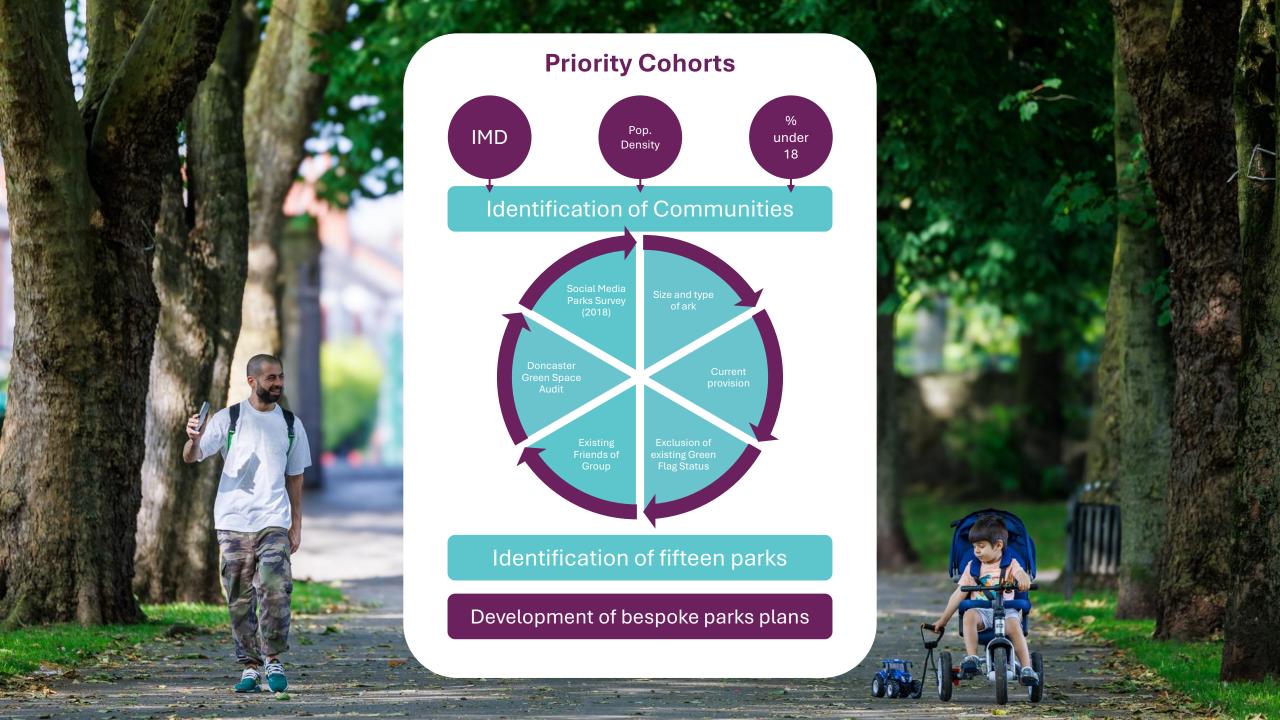
Communications and Engagement

Health & Care

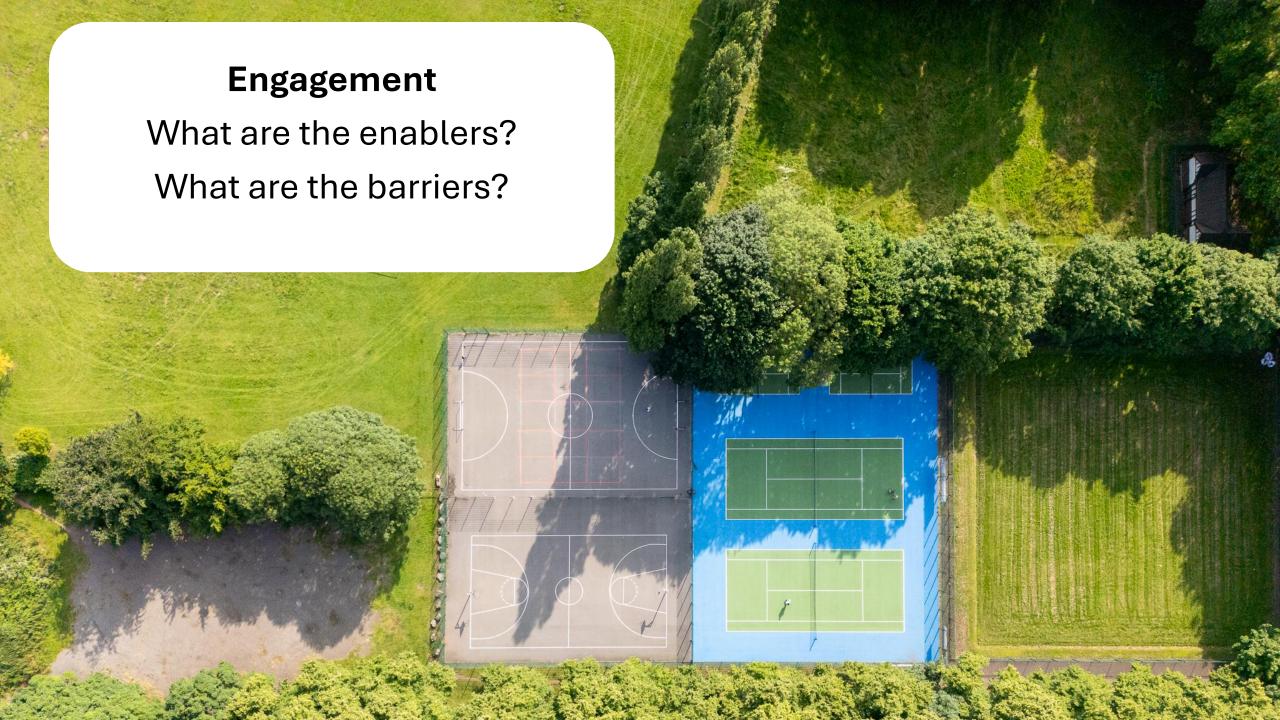








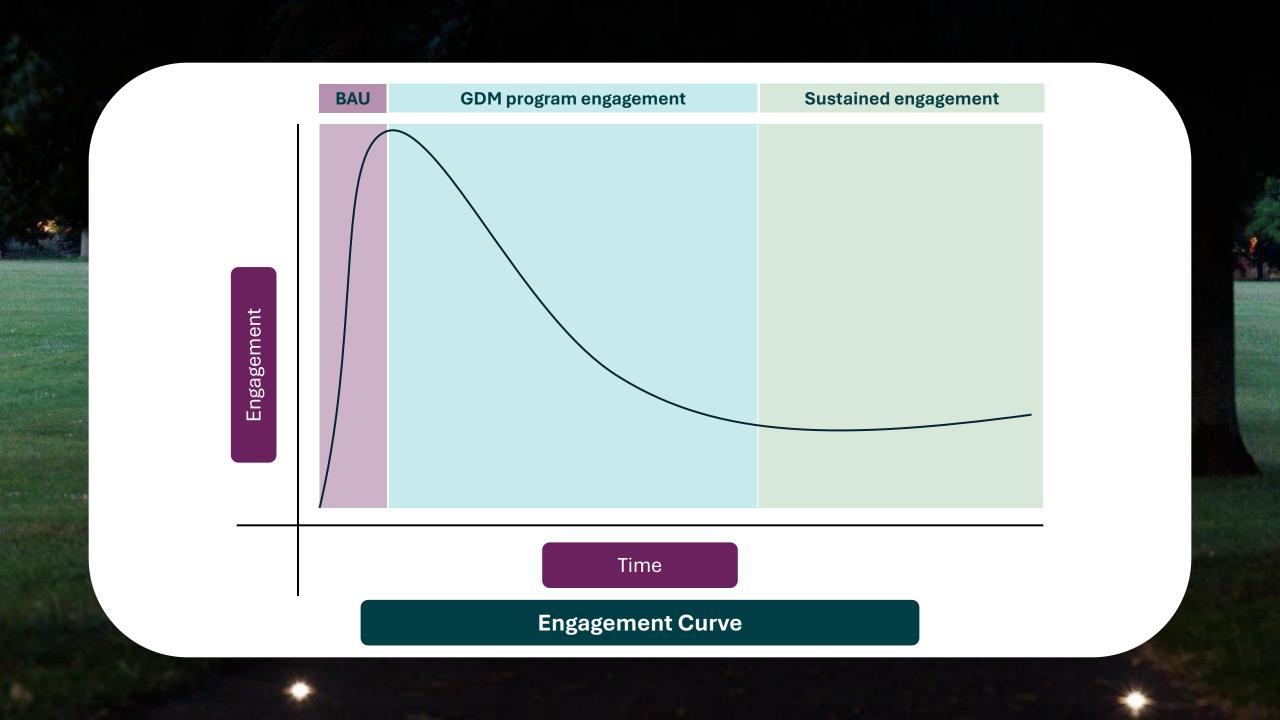




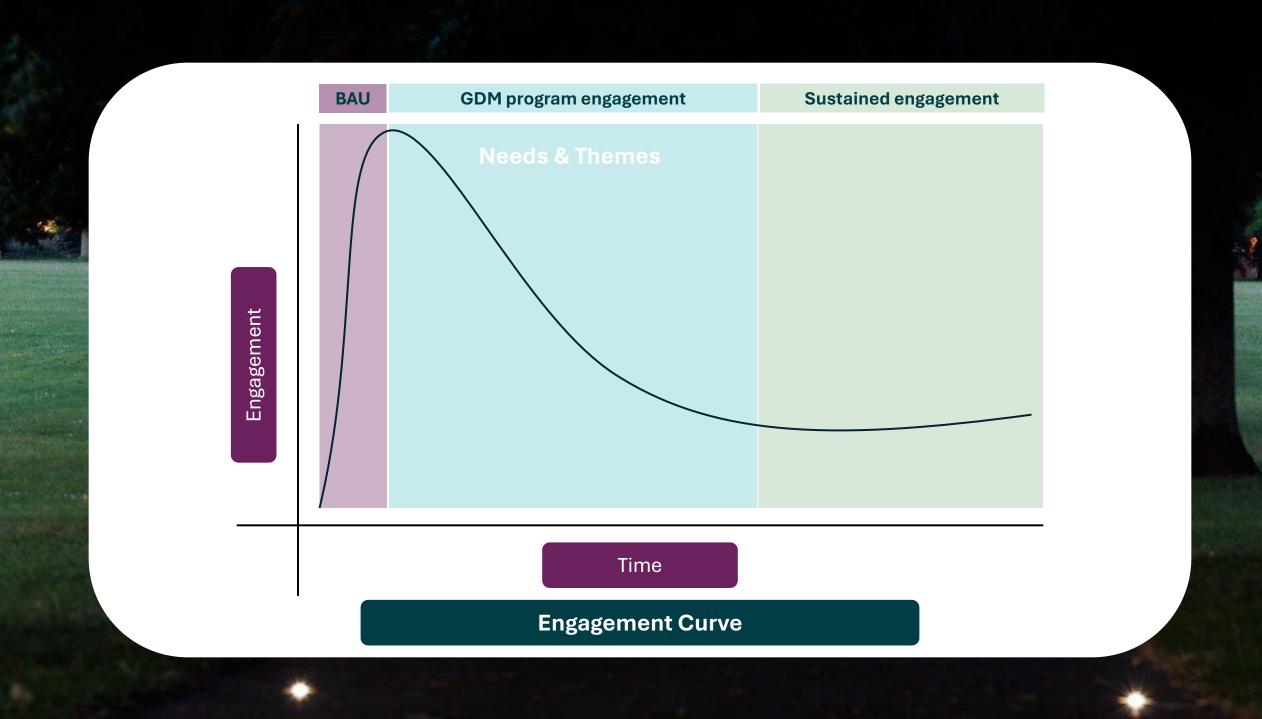
Methods of engagement:

- Established CDC channels direct
- Existing stakeholder networks
- In-person events
- Survey boosted by social ads
- Translated into various languages
- Posters in park QR codes
- Web Pages
- Post cards to residents
- Developed unique engagement experiences digital trails
- CYP young advisors / youth hubs/ schools / higher education
- Exhibitions
- New Stakeholders & unique user groups: Poké people, Partially Sighted Society
- Al





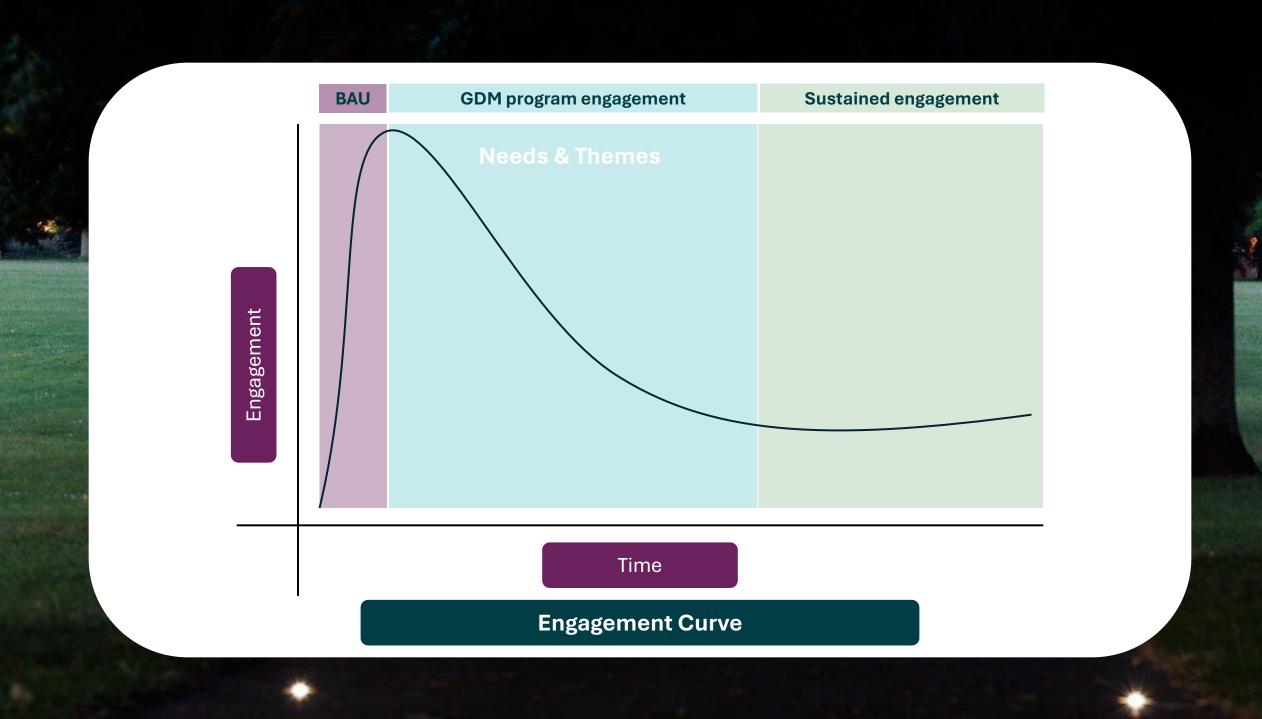




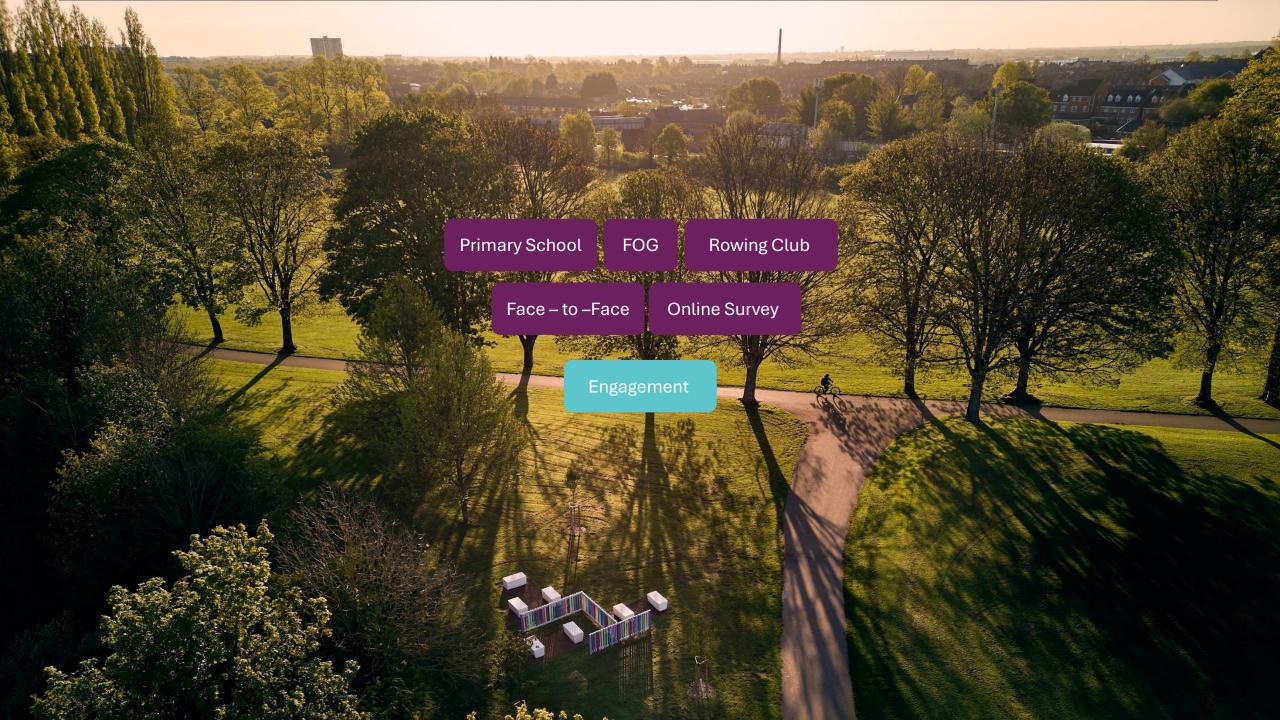


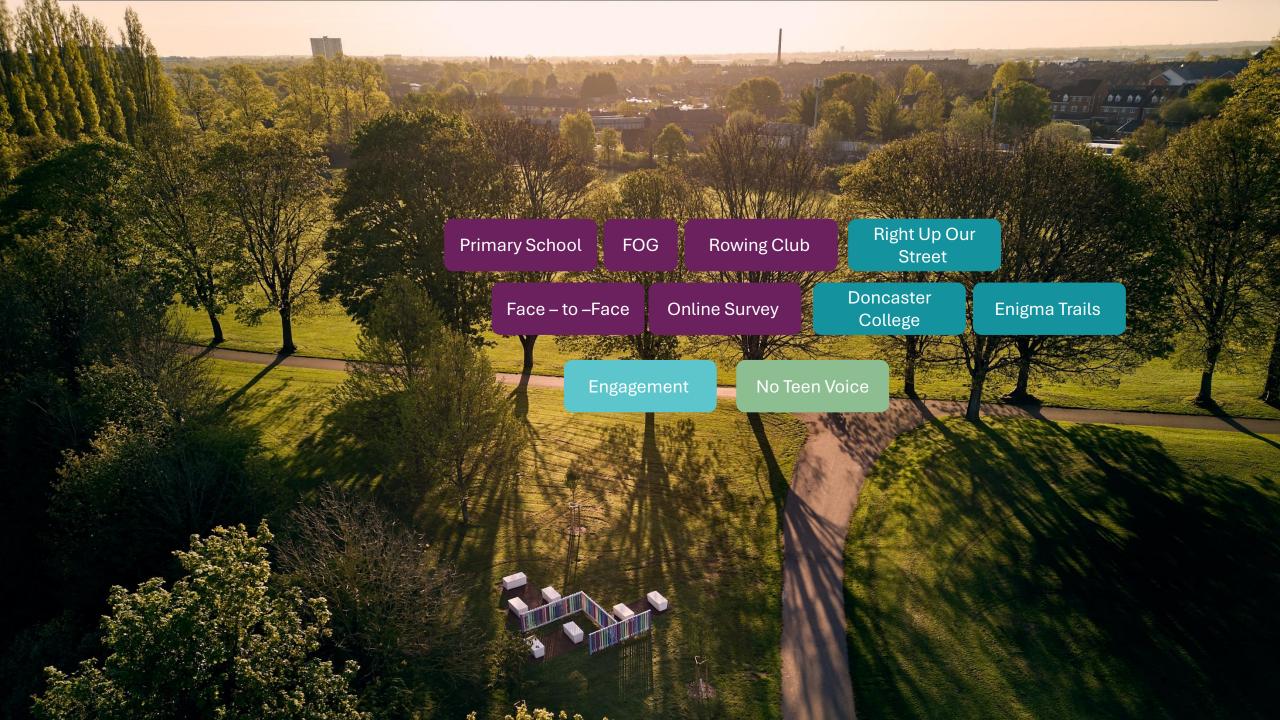
881/3509

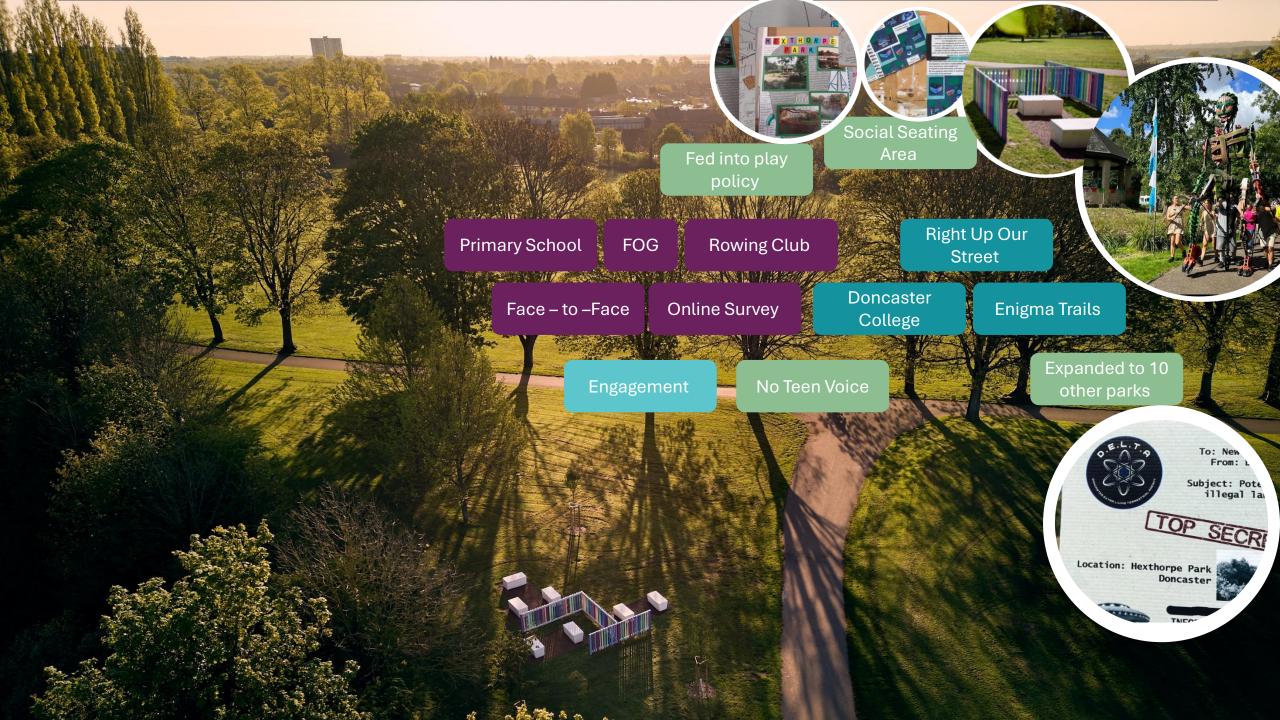




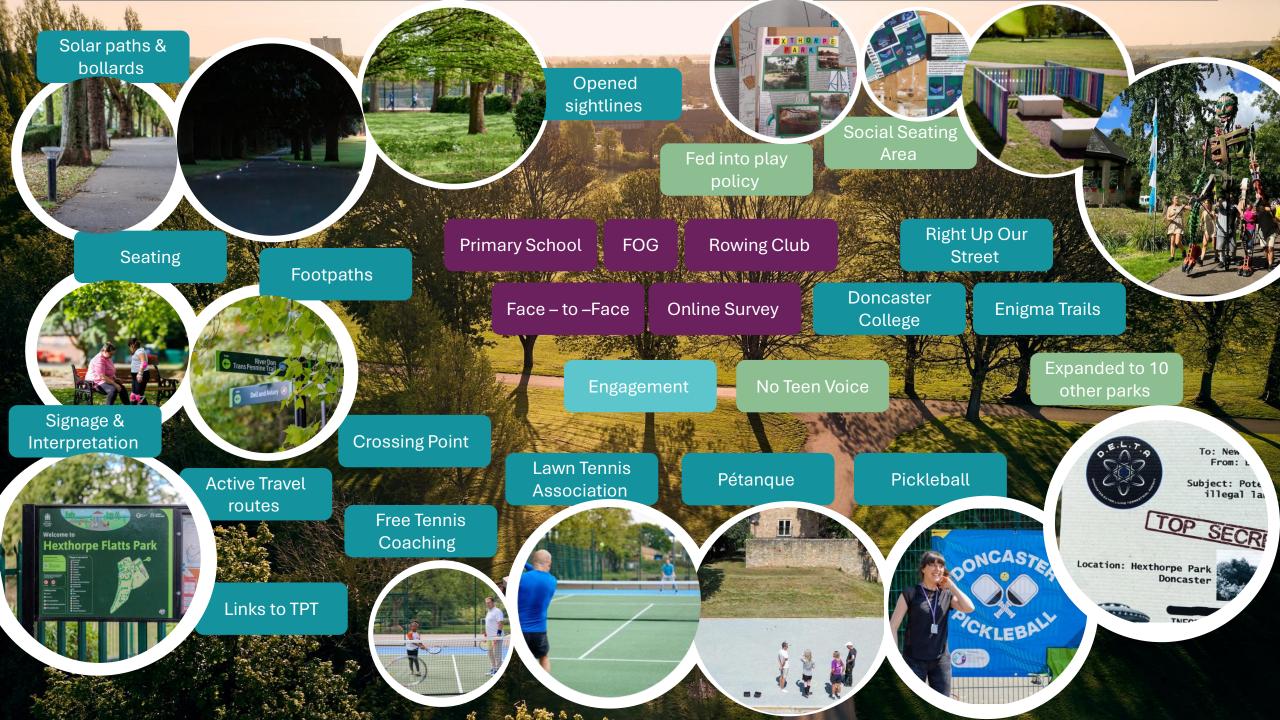














- Do not build it and they will come where is your evidence?
 - Evidence a need not a want
- You said: We did this is rubbish, it does not belong in sustainable placemaking
 - Cast the engagement net as wide as possible, dig for insight
- One element does not maketh the park build layers of variety
 - More people doing more things more often – linger longer
 - Build in some feedback loops







Brought to you by























Nature/Health conversation

"We need to talk about nature...."

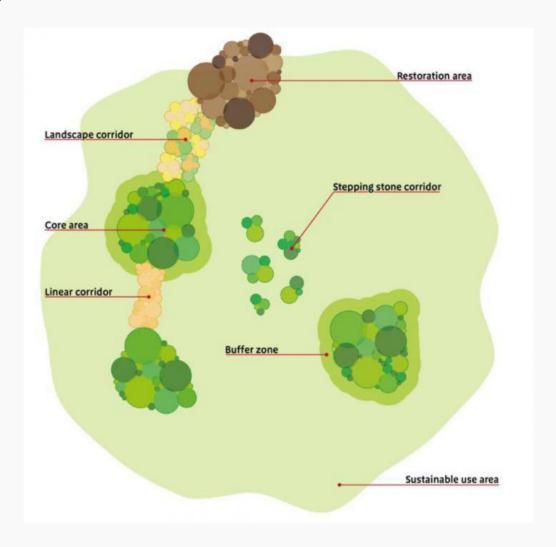
Esther Smith Senior Officer, Health and Environment, North East and Yorkshire

What we'll cover



- Why nature and health?
- Nature connection and stewardship
- The strategic conversation
- The delivery conversation
- What could work for active environments?
- Over to you

We are on a mission for bigger, better, more joined up nature...including in urban areas

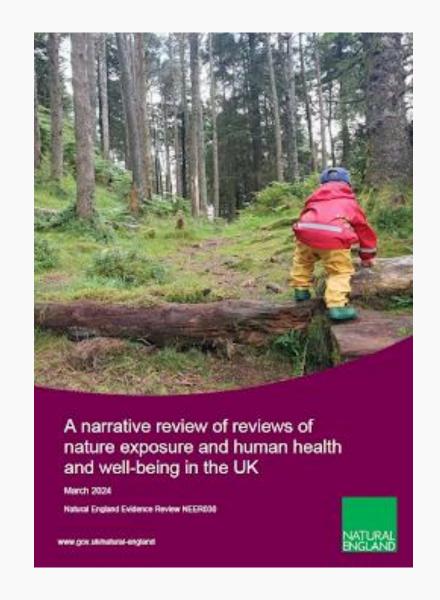


Nature and Health: the evidence

'Our economies, livelihoods and well-being all depend on our most precious asset: Nature' (Dasgupta Review, 2021).

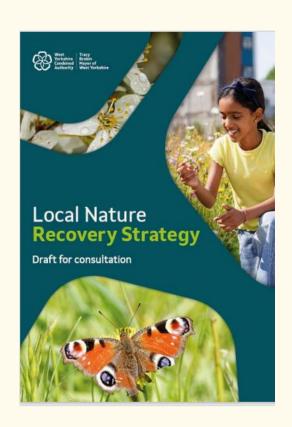
"Nature is life. It underpins everything we do. It provides us with clean air, food, water and shelter. It regulates our climate and controls disease. Beyond this, it is central to recreational, cultural, social and spiritual aspects of human life. It is fundamental to our health and well-being."

(Narrative review of reviews of nature exposure and human health Natural England, 2024)



Local Nature Recovery Strategies





Mayor's foreword

Nature is essential for West Yorkshire's people, wildlife and places. It underpins our region's growth, economy, health and security.

.

Mission 2: A happy West Yorkshire – great places and healthy communities. Nature recovery can increase the number of residents with access to high-quality green spaces; the health and wellbeing impacts of this include activity levels and improved life expectancy..

Making Every Contact Count Nature and Greenspace



"Nature is good for you. There is increasing evidence demonstrating the links between exposure to nature and a range of health benefits. Spending time in the natural environment reduces anxiety, stress, fatigue and lowers our risk of depression. Being connected to nature and staying active can improve cognitive function and memory, and reduces risk of obesity, asthma, and heart disease. It can improve our concentration, enhance immune function, and reduce mortality."



https://www.mecclink.co.uk/yorkshirehumber/nature-and-greenspaces/ Link

Health benefits from nature



Increased access to nature

- Physical health through increased exercise: obesity & diabetes implications
- Mental health through nature connection

Mitigation for climate-based health risks

- Infectious diseases
- Mental health
- Injury and death through extreme weather
- Health service delivery – impact on infrastructure

Clean air

- Cancer risk
- Child development

Flooding

- Vector borne disease
- Mental health
- Health service provision

Urban Heat

- Risk to vulnerable and oldest/youngest in population
- Health service provision

Nature and health inequalities



- Marmot review: " the more deprived the area the worse the conditions [of the environment]."
- "Kids round here don't get to see the nature right next to them."
- Dr William Bird: 'Roaming zones' for 4 generations in Sheffield:
 - Great Grandfather
 - Grandfather
 - Mother
 - 8 year old child
- Gender, disability and race/ethnicity aspects of access to nature.



Two minutes with your neighbour:
When was the last time you connected with nature, and what did you do?

How did you feel after? 3-word feedback

The importance of actively connecting with nature

<u>The Nature</u> <u>Connection Handbook</u>



The five pathways to nature connection

Emotion















Nature Stewardship: Looking after nature is a special kind of resource

- Physical: whether pottering or hard graft
- Mental: relaxing, something bigger than yourself
- Social: it is *such a laugh*, shared purpose, gets you turning up
- Skills: confidence and work readiness as well as hard skills
- Environment: flood, heating, noise, air, carbon
- Nature: helping it be bigger, better more joined up, tending for something sustainable with visible results



Green Infrastructure Framework

Geography in Government Award 2022 Excellence in Geo-visualisation winner

Home Green Infrastructure ▼ Map Mapping Guide ▼ Resources ▼ Con

You are here: Home

Creating healthier, more sustainable and resilient communities, bringing people together with nature. The Green Infrastructure Framework offers guidance and practical tools to support the development of high-quality green spaces.



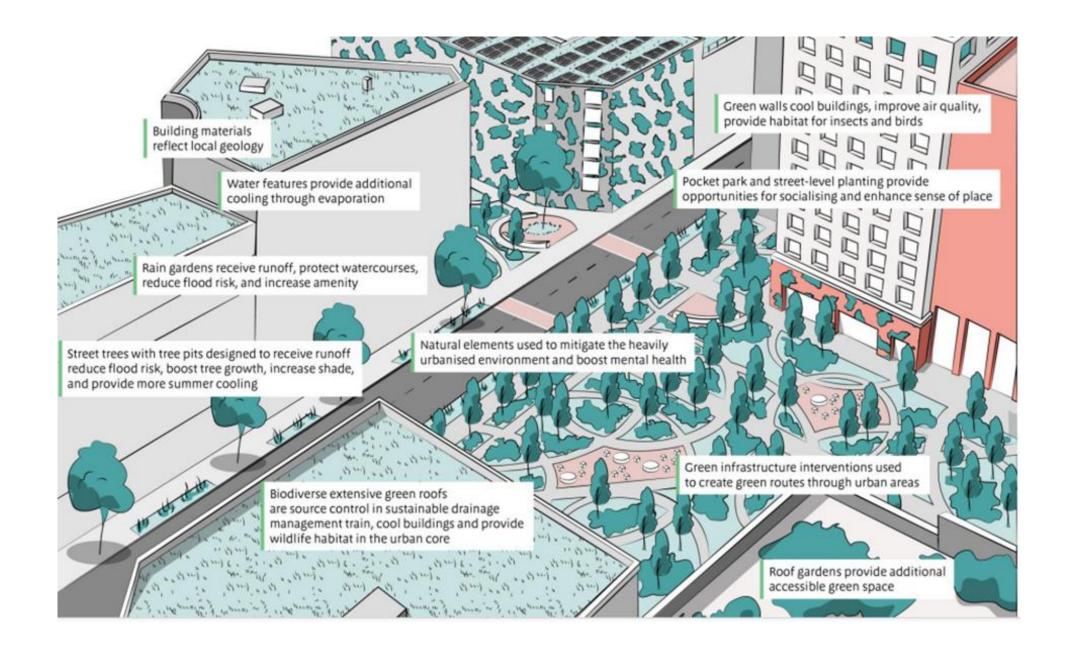
Learn about green infrastructure



Read our principles



Navigate the Green Infrastructure Framework



Building capacity in towns and cities



An investment of £15.5m across the UK to improve and create accessible green spaces, streets and neighbourhoods

Nature Towns and



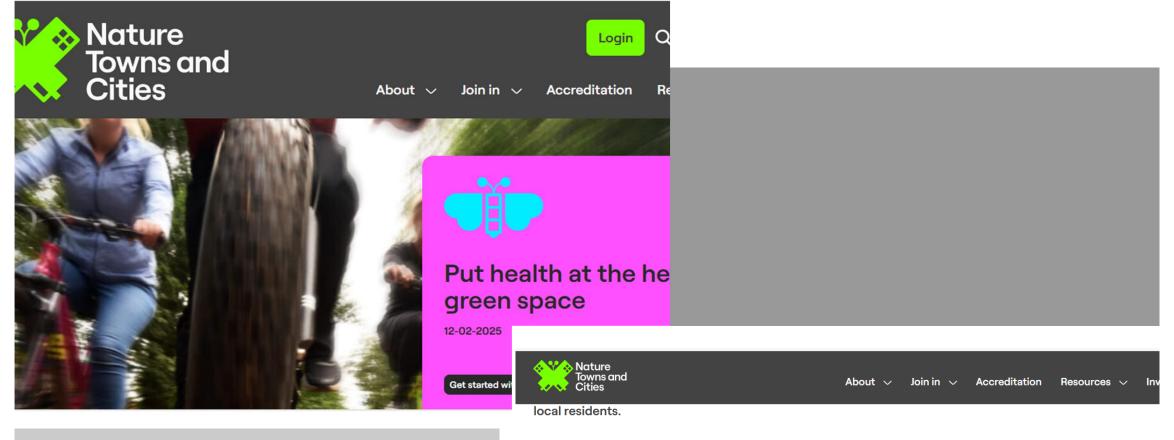
Working to benefit millions of people living in urban neighbourhoods in the UK over the next decade



Enabling much needed capacity growth within local government and partners



Supporting the vision to improve thousands of green spaces for communities and wildlife





is saved in health costs each year thanks to urban vegetation.

The saving is made because it helps to remove air pollution in towns and cities.

See the ONS data 🛚

-45%

is the reduction in risk of poor health by spending time in nature.

People are less likely to suffer health issues if they take just two hours out to visit green space each week.

Read the report 🖸

£185m

is saved in mental health treatments by regular visits to woodlands.

This is because people who visit woodlands often are less likely to suffer from depression and anxiety.

See the stats 🖸

£3.91

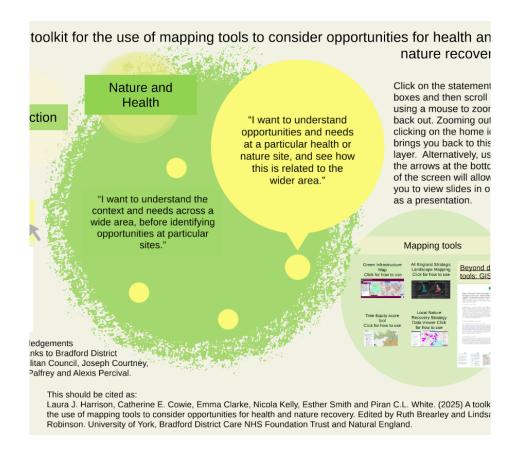
is the value gaine per £1 spent on community sport and physical activity.

This return is due in part to benefits it generates for people and communities.

Visit Sport England.

Health, Nature and Environment Mapping Toolkit

Natural England, University of York, Bradford DCFT NHS, and Bradford Public Health





"There is a wealth of evidence about the positive impact of nature and green space on mental and physical health. By understanding which communities have low access to green spaces, and high health needs I can plan nature and wellbeing programmes for the communities that stand to benefit most. This toolkit supports me in making those decisions."

Nicola Kelly, Public Health Specialist (mental health) for Bradford Council.

Introduction

Links between nature, environment and health are not always well understood at both strategic and delivery levels and people from different remits can struggle to understand each other's priorities and language. There is an increasing number of mapped datasets around nature, environment and health, but these data can be challenging to collate without specialist skills. The wide range of mapping tools created for investigating some of these datasets for different purposes can also lead to confusion.

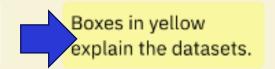
Aims

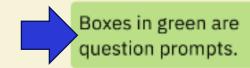
This toolkit aims to stimulate collaborative discussions and create a shared understanding of health and environment needs and opportunities. It supports the exploration and prioritisation of individual, organisational and partnership actions to create maximum multiple benefits for people and nature in a local place in England. It is especially aimed at those coming from a health or social perspective, and has been tested with colleagues from the NHS and Public Health.

The toolkit leads you through a series of publicly available mapping tools, with a limited number of suggested data layers. Prompting questions, provided at each stage, will guide you to consider needs and opportunities and what local knowledge could be combined with the mapped data to identify potential actions. It is important to refer to relevant local strategies, in particular <u>Local Nature Recovery Strategies</u> and the <u>Nature</u>, <u>Towns and Cities coalition</u>. By the end of the toolkit you should be familiar with using some mapping tools and have identified some areas and options for further partnership work.

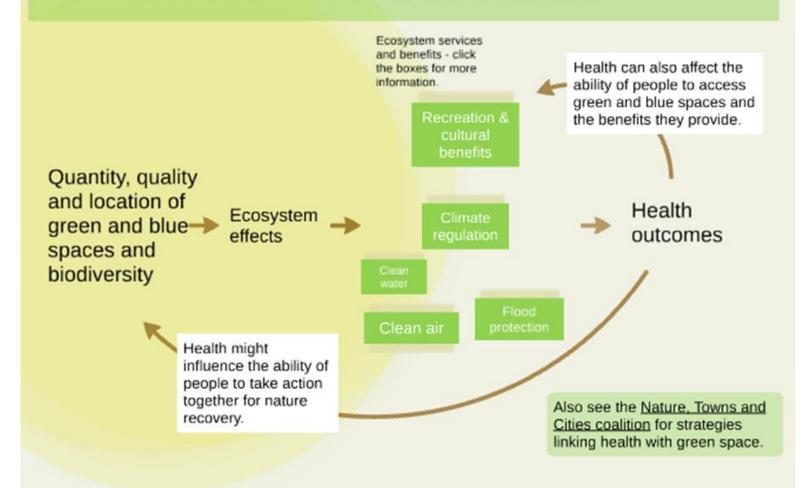
On each slide:

Boxes in white are instructions for selecting datasets.





Links between nature and health



Mapping tools

Green Infrastructure Map Click for how to use



All England Strategic Landscape Mapping Click for how to use



Tree Equity score tool Click for how to use



Local Nature Recovery Strategy Data Viewer Click for how to use



Beyond data tools: GIS

Beyond date tools. Generality maps in a Geographic information System (GS) to being appear information or all give health and natural materials.

CHARLES AND ADDRESS.

All of an incompanion and the second and the second

There are no state of the S.E.

THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING MICH. SHOWS AND PROPERTY AND

The course of the course I have to extend the course when the course of the course of

STREET, SQUARE, SQUARE





Work through these tools and suggested data

Worksheet

Click to create a google doc copy for completion



I want to:

Understand human and environmental needs.

improve people's access to nature.

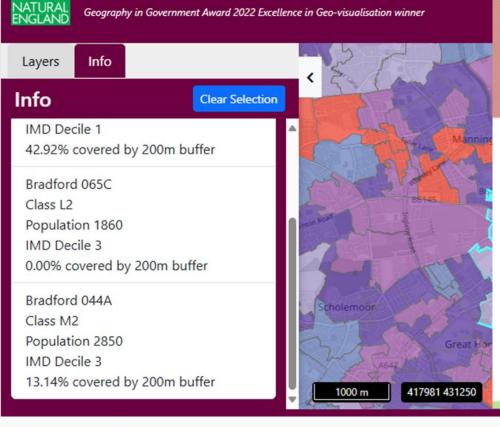
Respond to climate change and environmental hazards.

improve sites for nature and people. 1. Health and green and blue space Click on the boxes and then scroll using a mouse to zoom back out. Zooming all the way out or clicking on the home icon will allow you to return to the top layer. Alternatively, using the arrows at the bottom of the screen will allow you to view slides in order as a presentation.

2 Impulation in access to green and that species

3 Environmental historics and nature based solutions

6. The quantity quality and connectivity of siles for nature and people.



Inequalities and access at different spatial scales

Use the <u>Green Infrastructure Map</u> In Module 8 Accessible green space inequalities and deprivation Compare scales:

- doorstep (at least 0.5 ha greenspace within 200m)
- · local (2ha within 300m)
- neighbourhood (10 ha within 1km)

L1 Areas in red are the least favourable scenario. They are the most deprived areas and low access to greenspace at that particular scale. H1 High multiple deprivation (IMD deciles 1&2) and high access to greenspace at a particular scale.

L1 M1 H1
L2 M2 H2
B M3 H3

L3 Least deprived areas (IMD deciles 9&10) but low access to greenspace at a particular scale. H3 Most favourable scenario. Least deprived areas (IMD deciles 9&10) and high access to greenspace at a particular scale.

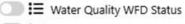


Active travel routes

Layers Info

All Layers

Natural Flood Management Priority



Water Quality Management Area

■ E Rainfall

Soil Drainage

Population Density

■ I≡ Nature Designation

Ancient Habitat

Cultural or Historic Importance

☐ Special Recreational Value

Public Access

Opacity

Accessible Green Infrastructure

Public Rights of Way

Use the Green Infrastructure Map.

Select

· All green and blue infrastructure

· PROW network (module 3) (Public Rights of Way)

· Sustrans National Cycle Network

Turn PROW density on and off (module 3)

Turn public access on and off (module 20)

These layers can be useful to consider routes used to enjoy and access green and blue spaces and where there are barriers. However, they are less useful for urban areas. It is important to combine this with local knowledge to understand where and why people might not be using footpaths, such as safety concerns. Also note that agricultural land is not included as green infrastructure.

Are there opportunities to improve active travel along green/blue corridors?

(How) do challenges and opportunities for active travel within green/blue corridors differ between rural and urban areas?

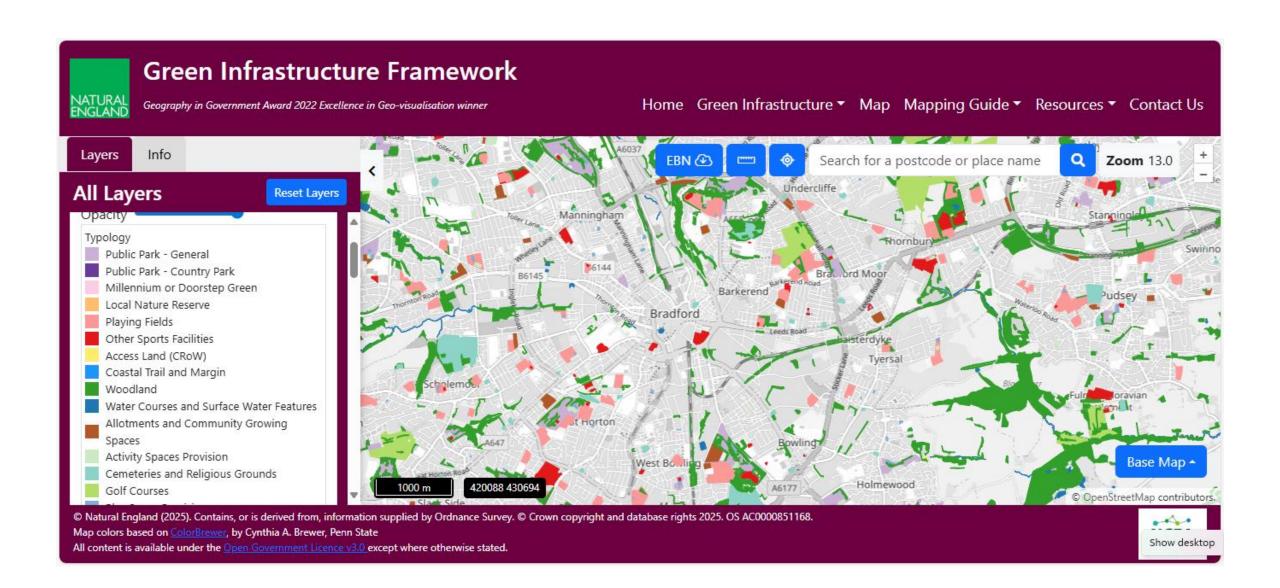
Are there opportunities to improve the quantity and quality of green infrastructure along road networks?

© Natural England (2025). Contains, or is derived from, information supplied by Ordnance Survey. © Crown copyright and database rights 2025. OS AC0000851168. Map colors based on ColorBrewer, by Cynthia A. Brewer, Penn State

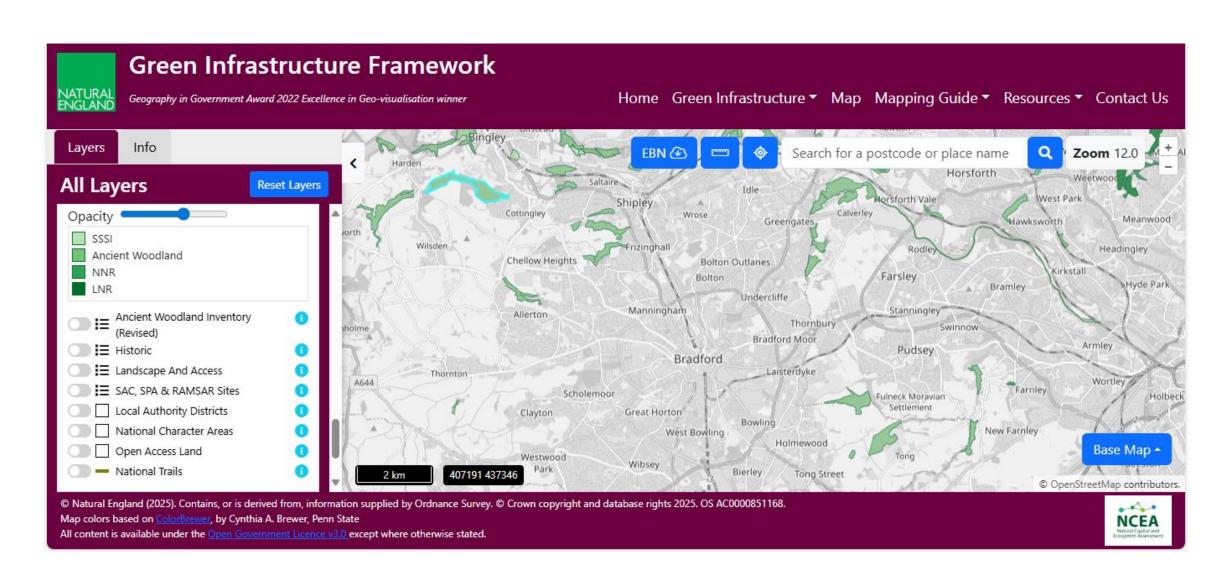
All content is available under the Open Government Licence v3.0 except where otherwise stated.

Reset Layers





Module 1: All Green and Blue infrastructure



Module 18: Biodiversity (with ancient woodland)

Air quality

1. Use the Tree Equity tool.

Search for a place or zoom in. (If your area is not covered in the tool go to the additional air pollutants section)
Scroll down in the left hand menu and select 'layers'

Then select:

 PM2.5 (Particulate Matter less than 2.5um)

Click on the Lower Super Output Area to view values and a summary in the menu.

Now look at the:

NO2 index



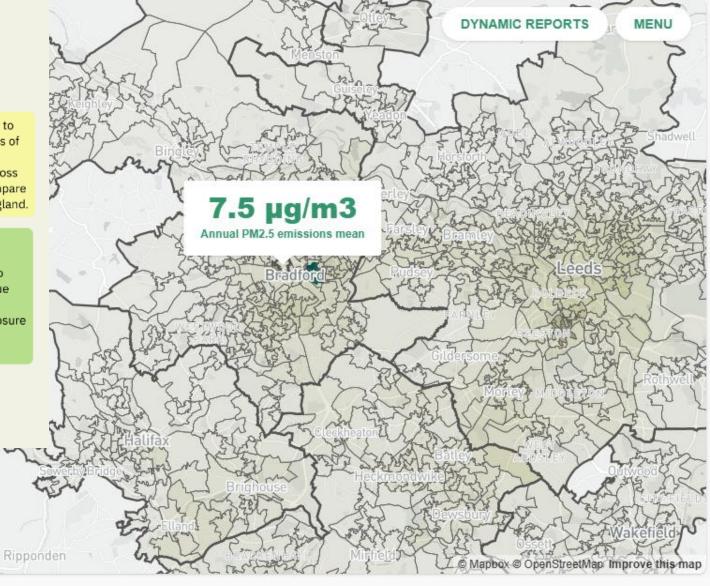
You might want to look at Air Quality Management Areas and other air pollutants.

Tree Equity score tool Click for how to use

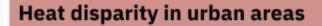
This information can be used to compare the relative amounts of fine particulate matter and nitogen oxides emissions across your area of interest and compare with other urban areas in England.

Discussion points:

Are there opportunities to combine projects designed to improve access to green / blue spaces with plans to reduce pollutant emissions and exposure through improved design for active travel?







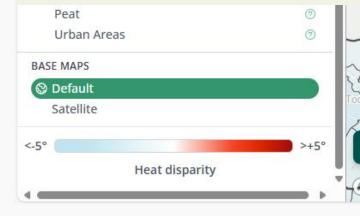
Use the <u>Tree Equity score tool</u>, if it covers your area. Zoom into your area of interest,

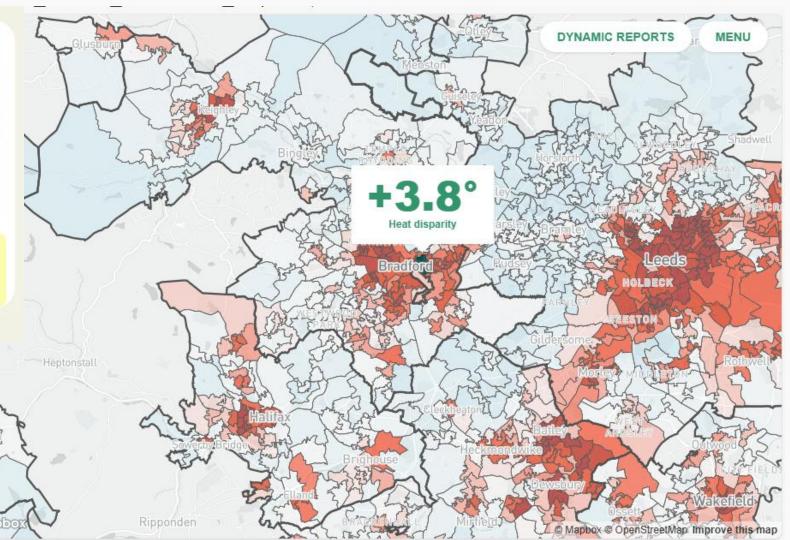
select layers and then select

· heat disparity.



This shows the variance in extremities of heat of urban Lower Super Output Areas from the local authority mean. It can be used alongside the tree equity score to highlight areas of particular need for improved green infrastructure as a heat mitigation measure.





After using the toolkit, more exploration...



What kinds of partners were already, or could be, engaging people with nature, and are these in areas with high or low access to nature?



Are the green spaces on the map safe and suitable, given feedback from our team about the areas in question?



Access to more detailed health data.



Test ideas for projects, using the maps as a visual aid.











Results so far

- Informed a major community project for nature and mental wellbeing in Bradford
- Helps joined up discussions and look for win-win solutions.
- Evidence trail for decisions.
- Engaging with communities needs and strengths
- Galvanised a community project
- Informed funding bids



Bradford District Care

NHS Foundation Trust



Start

Spring 2023: Occupational Therapy (OT) students work with Sustainability team to develop the idea of more green therapy as a sustainable model of care





Seeds

Autumn 2023: Partnership with Natural England began, enabling a qualified OT to build partnerships and interest



Water

Autumn 2023: Royal College of Psychiatry 'Delivering greener, more sustainable and net zero mental health care' report recommended nature based interventions



Sunlight

Spring 2024-2025: Continued work with Natural England, expand activities and reach to offer more choice to service users



Tree

Winter 2024: Promote the links of health and nature to Natural England Board, in Bradford



Sapling

Autumn 2024: Host BDCFT Nature Week with activities for patients and staff, including a photo competition



Seedling

Autumn 2024: Bradford based organisations create HOPE network and conference - Heath of People and Planet Entwined



Fruit

Future: Green Therapy Development Officer becomes a permanent role, working with internal and external stakeholders

What we have done so far...

Inpatient nature sessions with dementia patients

Canoeing with Canal and River Trust

> Developme Officer

Nature Week and staff wellbeing Older Peoples
Mental Health
gardening

Recruited Green Therapy Development Officer

Inpatient gardening, nature craft, walking group

group

Access to nature virtual reality and seed library













The Impact of Better Place Bradford's Nurture Naturelets project | Better Start Bradford

Naturally Active Libraries Teesside

- You've Got This in South Teesside: one of 12 Sport England pilots nationally had 18 months work of funding for nature-based ways of getting people active,
- Drawing on Natural England's Culture Nature project to turn Libraries into Nature Hubs,
- Will enhance green space in deprived communities, creating sustainable activities across 9 to 11 sites.
- Naturally Active Libraries Initiative -Tees Valley Wildlife Trust - RCVDA



MECC: coherent approach with training, online resources and conversation starters with links to other issues.



What hobbies or interests do you have that connects you to nature?

What nature do you have nearby?

What benefits can you think of that spending in time in nature could have on your health and lifestyle?

What type of nature do you think you would enjoy most? (i.e gardening, animal interaction, green exercise)

How do you feel when connected to nature?



Active Places and Nature: what could work?



Dedicated sports facilities



Parks and green spaces



Urban

Active Places and Nature: what could work?





Hubs for onsite and offsite nature activities? Staff be trained in Nature Connection and Stewardship?



Parks and green spaces

Designed for activity AND nature? Sustainable activities to support nature and environment that keep people coming back?



Urban

Hubs linked through active travel/green corridors? Targeted new and better green spaces linked with health and nature strategies and co-designed with communities?



Over to you

Resources



- Home Nature Towns & Cities
- A Local Nature Recovery Strategy for West Yorkshire | Your Voice
- <u>the-nature-connection-handbook.pdf (wordpress.com)</u>
- Green Infrastructure Home
- MECC | Home (meccgateway.co.uk)
- <u>Links between natural environments and mental health EIN065</u> (naturalengland.org.uk)
- <u>Links between natural environments and physical health EIN066</u> (naturalengland.org.uk)
- NHS Bradford DCFT <u>Green Therapy short version on Vimeo</u>
- A toolkit for the use of mapping tools to consider opportunities for health and nature recovery. University of York, Bradford District Care NHS Trust and Natural England. by Laura Harrison on Prezi
- Naturally Active Libraries Initiative Tees Valley Wildlife Trust RCVDA
- The Impact of Better Place Bradford's Nurture Naturelets project | Better Start Bradford

Contact me



esther.smith@naturalengland.org.uk

Senior Officer, Health and Environment, North East and Yorkshire Natural England



Panel Discussion

Tim Howells, Ella King, Ben Russell & Ester Smith























Feedback





Brought to you by



















